

Beds in Ontario Public Hospitals 1990 to 2014 ("snapshot" as of March 31st each year)

	Acute Beds	Psychiatric Beds	Complex Continuing Care Beds	Rehabilitation Beds
1990	33,403	2,505	11,435	2,048
1991	31,907	2,430	11,506	1,975
1992	29,826	2,331	11,425	1,902
1993	27,940	2,276	10,935	1,926
1994	26,097	2,166	10,592	1,905
1995	25,386	2,182	10,325	1,853
1996	24,014	2,147	9,639	1,890
1997	21,929	2,142	8,678	1,875
1998	20,317	2,094	8,149	1,815
1999	19,740	2,062	7,788	1,802
2000	19,558	2,505	7,505	1,924
2001	19,912	3,444	7,455	2,137
2002	19,355	3,709	7,428	2,240
2003	18,781	3,620	6,896	2,349
2004	18,552	4,547	6,537	2,362
2005	18,433	4,511	6,402	2,397
2006	18,444	4,368	6,094	2,478
2007	18,445	4,305	5,972	2,415
2008	18,702	4,333	6,039	2,410
2009	18,773	4,332	5,927	2,392
2010	18,355	4,335	5,798	2,322
2011	18,144	4,218	5,712	2,410
2012	18,357	4,241	5,790	2,493
2013	18,796	4,602	5,547	2,484
2014	18,588	4,500	5,329	2,512

Sources: Hospital Statistics, 1989-90 to 1992-93. Daily Census Summary, Ministry of Health and Long Term Care, 1993-94 to 2013-14.

Note: Bed numbers are as of March 31 each year. An increase in psychiatric beds beginning in the early 2000's is due to the gradual divestment of some Provincial Psychiatric Hospitals (PPHs) to the Public Hospital sector (i.e. These beds were not counted as psychiatric beds in Public Hospitals for prior years; they existed in the PPH sector).

Source of chart: The Globe and Mail,

<https://www.theglobeandmail.com/legacy/static/focus/homecare/Doc7.pdf?token=1496685928>

